## Toward a Framework for Gamification Design on Crowdsourcing Systems: The G.A.M.E Approach

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## Introduction

- One of the main crowdsourcing challenges is how to design user interfaces that can attract and sustain numerous people to collaborate
- Most gamification methods concern about introducing rewarding elements to the application design instead of collaboration aspect
- G.A.M.E. aims to support developers on redesigning crowdsourcing applications interfaces by integrating game design elements



### Gamification

- The use of game design elements in non-game contexts
- Instead of turning applications into games, it make the collaborative software more appealing



### G.A.M.E

 A conceptual framework to support the design of gamification in crowdsourcing applications

Gathering, Analysis, Modeling and Execution



## Gathering

- Scenario understanding
- To retrieve information regarding its goals, technology, functionalities, and issues



## Analysis

- Identify the proper target for gamifying: either to enhance a strength or to fix a weakness
- 3C collaboration model:
  - Communication, Cooperation, Coordination, Awareness
- Refine the requirements through user stories:
  - As a [user], I want [function] so that [value]



## Modeling

- Combine user stories with a Gameplay Interaction Model
- Tuple (P, A, u)
  - P: players, A: actions, u: outcomes
- Loop of interaction
  - As a [player], I want [action] at [state] so that [feedback]



### Execution

- Start with user interfaces
- Rebuild the evaluation as needed until desired results are found



### Instantiation - Wikibus

- A collaborative system that's all about bus
- Users can share information regarding
  - Public transportation
  - Real-time occurrences
  - Bus vehicles, stops and routes
- In this paper, we detail how G.A.M.E. was instantiated to design gamification in Wikibus



## Gathering

- Two preliminary evaluations were held to get the application issues from users' perspective
  - 1) To generate a testing database and to observe the application functionalities, efficiency and usability
  - 2) To collect information from all the actions performed by Wikibus visitors and asked them to answer a survey
- Two main issues were gathered:
  - *I)* It is hard to understand how to find and how to contribute with new content
  - 2) It is hard to trust on information that anyone can change



## Analysis

- From the two issues gathered in previous phase, we can do the following analysis:
  - 1) Closely related to users' awareness
  - If users won't learn quickly how they are expected to contribute, they won't feel attracted to use the application
  - 2) Need to guarantee trust on contents provided by Wikibus
  - It's necessary to introduce mechanisms that foster trust between users and the content



## Modeling

#### Smooth Learning Curves

Helpers: explicit extra-game information

#### Communication Channels

 User could trust a content confirmed by many users more than an unconfirmed one

#### Ownership

- The user develop a sense of belonging and also care about that content by owning some
- Others could trust on a certain content because it was created by a highqualified user



### Execution



### Feedback

#### Usability Hub

- 10 people, chosen randomly, performed the test for original and gamified Wikibus
- Gamified versions had 16% more usability and were in 80% of the cases more trustworthy than originals



## Conclusion

• G.A.M.E works!





# Thx For Listening!

#### **Any Questions?**