Name:

Student ID:

Quiz #1 5%

CS2336 Discrete Mathematics, Instructor: Cheng-Hsin Hsu

Department of Computing Science, National Tsing Hua University, Taiwan

This is a closed book test. Any academic dishonesty will automatically lead to zero point.

1) (1.5%) Answer the following questions:

- a) In how many ways can the letters in DATAGRAM be arranged?
- b) For the arrangement of part (a), how many have all three A's together?
- c) In how many ways can the letters in SOCIOLOGICAL be arranged with all the vowels adjacent?

Answer:

- a) Since there are three A's, there are $\frac{8!}{3!}$ arrangements
- b) Consider three A's together as a symbol. Hence, we have six symbols D,T,G,R,M,(AAA). There are 6! arrangements
- c) Consider an example where all the vowels are adjacent: S,C,L,G,C,L,(OOOIIA). Seven symbols here can be arranged in $\frac{7!}{2!\,2!}$ ways. (OOOIIA) can be arranged in $\frac{6!}{3!\,2!}$ ways. Hence, there are $\frac{7!}{2!\,2!} \times \frac{6!}{3!\,2!}$ arrangements where all the vowels are adjacent
- 2) (1.5%) Determine the coefficient of $w^2 x^2 y^2 z^2$ in the expansion of
 - a) $(w + x + y + z + 1)^2$
 - b) $(2w x + 3y + z 2)^{1}2$
 - c) $(v+w-2x+y+5z+3)^{1}2$

Answer:

- a) 0
- b) $\binom{12}{2,2,2,2,4}(2)^2(-1)^2(3)^2(1)^2(-2)^4 = \frac{12!}{2!^4 \cdot 4!} \times (2)^2(3)^2(2)^4$
- c) $\binom{12}{0,2,2,2,2,4}(1)^2(-2)^2(1)^2(5)^2(3)^4 = \frac{12!}{2!^4 \cdot 4!} \times (2)^2(5)^2(3)^4$
- 3) (2%) Consider the strings made up of n bits that is, a total of n 0's and 1's. In particular consider those strings with exactly four occurrences of 01. For $n \ge 8$, How many such

strings are there?

Answer:

For $n \ge 8$, a string with this structure has x_1 1's followed by x_2 0's followed by x_3 1's ... followed by x_{10} 0's, where $x_1 + x_2 + ... + x_{10} = n$, $x_1, x_{10} \ge 0$, $x_2, ..., x_9 > 0$.

The number of solutions to this equation equals to the number of solutions to $y_1 + y_2 + \dots + y_{10} = n - 8$. The number of this equation is $\binom{10+(n-8)-1}{n-8} = \binom{n+1}{9}$